PORT OF ENTRY

EL PASO

Texas' location and diverse economy offer unique trade opportunities and make it a critical gateway to global business. Our state boasts 29 OFFICIAL PORTS of entry facilitating nearly \$650 BILLION in international trade in 2015. Trade through Texas supports an estimated 1.6 MILLION TEXAS JOBS and adds \$224.3 BILLION to GSP annually.

Ports of entry play a crucial role in making Texas the world's **10TH LARGEST ECONOMY.** They affect every part of our state, from our largest cities to rural counties. As the state's chief financial officer, I hope highlighting their benefits will emphasize their importance to strong, diverse and growing

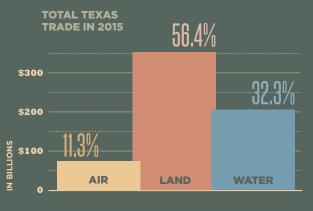
regional economies.



The Paso

del Norte

Bridge



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

ABOUT EL PASO

El Paso's land port consists of six bridges that span a portion of Texas' 1,254-mile-long border with Mexico. There are 11 such land ports in the state, and each facilitates the movement of people and goods via commercial, vehicular and pedestrian traffic.

Our analysis found that the El Paso port of entry contributes an estimated 128,500 net Texas jobs and a minimum of \$18.4 billion to the state's gross domestic product.

BY THE NUMBERS

El Paso port of entry contributions to the Texas economy include:

TOTAL TRADE (2015)

\$72 BILLION

DIRECT AND INDIRECT EMPLOYMENT

128,500

GSP

\$18.4 BILLION

Sources: Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, REMI

EL PASO BRIDGE SYSTEM Numerous privately owned businesses

Numerous privately owned businesses including warehouses, logistics and retail operations rely on border trade and visitors from Mexico.

Bridge
of the Americas*

Union
Pacific
Railroad
Bridge

45

Bridge

45

45

Good

Bridge

Neighbor

EL PASO

PEDESTRIANS CROSS
THE BORDER IN
EL PASO MORE
FREQUENTLY THAN
AT ANY OTHER
CROSSING
IN THE STATE:
ABOUT 18,000 PER DAY.

Source: Texas Center for Border Economic and Enterprise Development Bridge

Ysleta-Zaragoza

ECONOMIC IMPACT

The El Paso port of entry accounted for \$72 billion in total trade in 2015, an increase of 78 percent from 2003 (\$40.5 billion).

*This bridge is owned by the International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC) and operated by U.S. Customs.

MAQUILADORAS SPARK EL PASO ECONOMY

El Paso and the Mexican border city of Ciudad Juárez have a unique relationship. The maquiladoras (factories in Mexico that receive raw materials from the U.S. and return finished goods) in Ciudad Juárez have

THE FLOW OF MATERIALS ACROSS THE BORDER TO AND FROM THE MAQUILADORAS DIRECTLY STIMULATES THE REGION'S MANUFACTURING AND TRANSPORTATION INDUSTRIES AND INDIRECTLY STIMULATES THE RETAIL, FOOD

attracted workers since the 1970s and have played a significant economic role since NAFTA's

A 2011 Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas study found that a 10 percent increase in maquiladora output equates to a 5.3 percent increase in El Paso's transportation employment.



EL PASO PORT OF ENTRY: IMPORTS AND

EXPORTS

IMPORTS:

electronics automobiles

FURNITURE

EXPORTS:

MACHINERY plastics automobiles The El Paso border crossings are part of the El Paso Customs District. which includes the following ports:

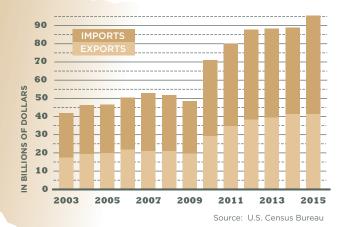
ALBUQUERQUE

EL PASO CUSTOMS DISTRICT



MEXICAN NATIONALS SPENT IN EXCESS OF \$446 MILLION IN EL PASO COUNTY IN 2012.

Source: El Paso Inc



CONCLUSION

The El Paso port of entry is a key part of Texas' port network, which accounted for \$204 BILLION in trade in 2015. In that year, the port accounted for \$72 BILLION in trade, supporting 128,500 TEXAS JOBS

and generating \$18.4 BILLION in gross state product. El Paso's diverse capabilities have helped Texas become the nation's largest exporter - and the world's 10th largest economy.

EL PASO IS ONE OF 29 OFFICIAL TEXAS PORTS OF ENTRY.

To see a complete list, plus more in-depth regional data, visit:

comptroller.texas.gov/economy/economic-data/